



How to use the SATURN Observation Network: Endurance Stations Site:

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Preface

How to use the SATURN Observation Network: Endurance Stations site is designed to allow someone to physically manipulate the SATURN Observation Network: Endurance Stations site located on the Center for Coastal Margin Observation and Prediction website. SATURN stands for Science and Technology University Research Network. SATURN includes tidal freshwater stations, ocean gliders, autonomous underwater vehicles (AUVs), and estuarine and plume stations measuring everything from salinity and temperature to biogeochemistry and microbial diversity on a twenty-four hour time frame every day of the year. The data collected from SATURN feeds into the Virtual Columbia River, a modeling system that offers multiple representations of processes, variability and change across river-to-ocean scales.

This how-to manual is part of an effort to translate CMOP environmental systems knowledge to a broader audience so we can inform people and help to develop a workforce skilled in science and technology.

1. How to manipulate your way through the SATURN website.
2. How to manipulate the tools located on the SATURN website.



Introduction to the SATURN Interface

Go to http://www.stccmop.org/datamart/observation_network , the title at the top of this webpage should say SATURN Observations Network: Endurance Stations under the CMOP heading the Endurance Stations are listed to the left, Figure 1.

There are three ways to pick a station:

1. To the left of the screen, under the Endurance Stations drag the cursor over each bulleted heading and click desired station
2. Choose a specific type of station by clicking the Order, Show, and Station list
3. By clicking on the markers on the map of the Columbia River and the Columbia River Estuary.

This map has several interesting features:

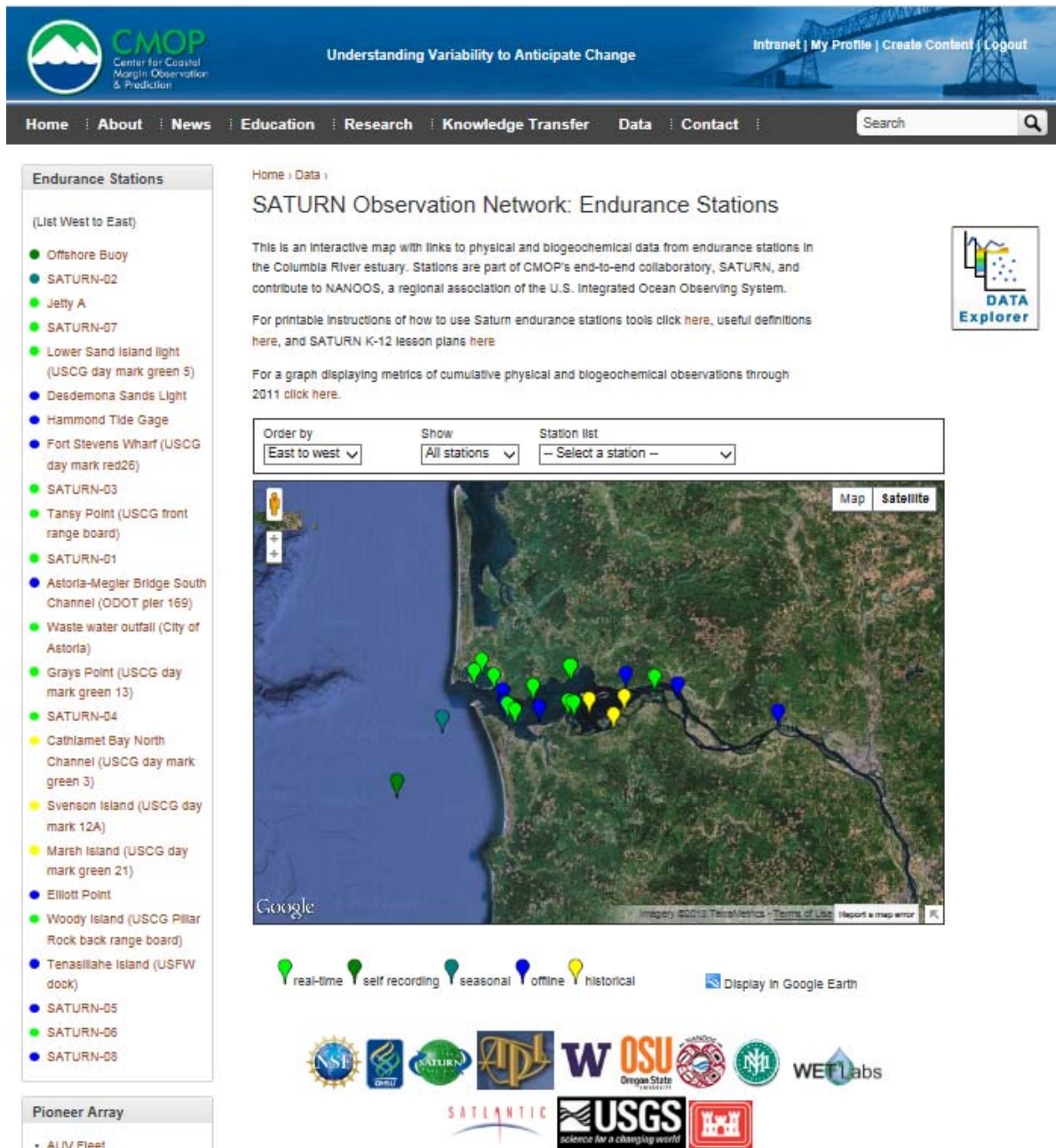
- Click the word Satellite in the upper right corner of the map to view as a satellite image.
- Click the plus or minus sign in the upper left corner to enlarge or shrink it. The yellow person above the plus sign is a Google overlay function for the map. To use,
- Click the yellow person in the left hand corner, drag, and then release at particular area of interest to see image of a road or address location.

To get back to the map: Click the back arrow and then click any of the red highlighted words saying Observation Network

Below the map are markers which look like upside down colored teardrops. These markers, represented both on and under the map, show where and how the data is recorded at each station. In the upper right hand corner of this page you will see the words DATA Explorer inside a square box. This is a shortcut to the DATA Explorer which will be discussed later.



Figure 1.



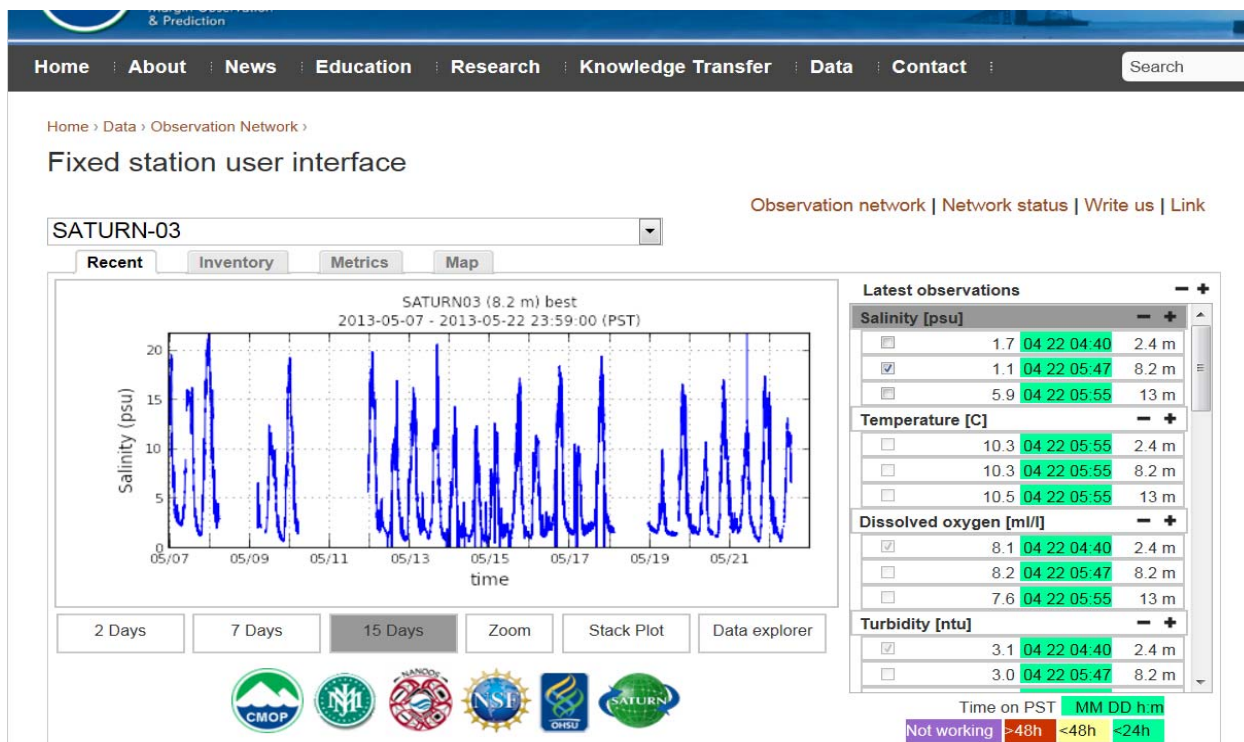


Fixed station user interface

The **Fixed station user interface** allows for manipulation of data from those stations which remain in a fixed location in the Columbia River and the Columbia River Estuary.

- Click on the SATURN-03 Endurance Station
- You will see the Fixed station user interface heading at the top of the page and SATURN-03 listed below in the drop down box.
- Located below the drop down box are four tabs named **Recent**, **Inventory**, **Metrics**, and **Map** (Figure 2.)

Figure 2.





The Recent Tab

The **Recent** tab shows data collected within the last 15 days.

Using the **Recent** tab you may perform the following tasks:

- Graphically obtain information by choosing a variable under the Latest observations item box on the right side of the graph.
 - The variables available may include: **Salinity, Temperature, Dissolved oxygen, Turbidity, Phycoerythrin, Colored Dissolved Organic Matter (CDOM), Chlorophyll, Nitrate, pH, and pCO₂**, among others.

Example: Salinity

Click the box where **Salinity** [psu] is written.

- The **Salinity** box becomes gray
 - You now have the option to graphically represent **Salinity** at depths of 2.4 meters (m), 8.2m, 13m and/or 14.8m.
- Click inside the checkboxes boxes under Salinity [psu].
 - All four depths of 2.4m, 8.2m, 13m, and 14.8m can be viewed at the same time.

Temperature [C], **Dissolved oxygen** [ml/l], and other variables can be viewed in the same way.

Note: Using the **Fixed station user interface** variables such as Salinity [psu] and Temperature [C] cannot be viewed together at the same time. This can be done in the DATA Explorer which will be discussed later.

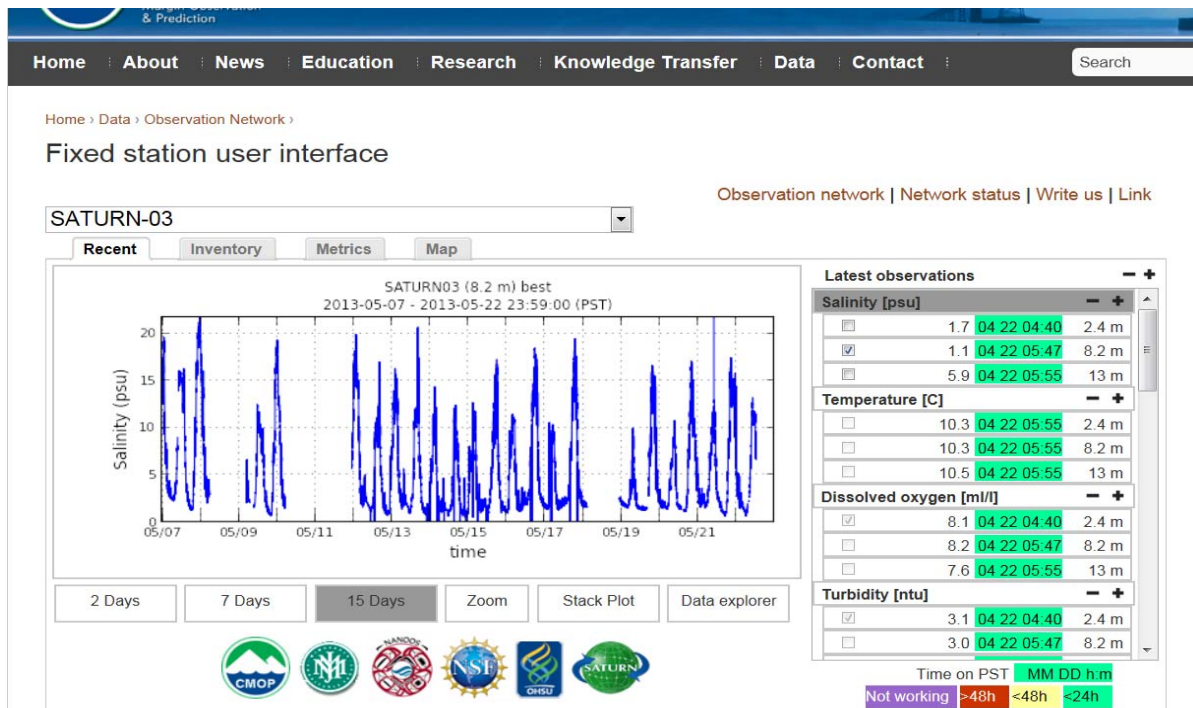
In the bottom right hand corner of **Figure 3**, you see **Time on PST** followed by **green highlighted** letters, **MM DD h:m**. This shows the time it was when the data was captured, if it has been less than 24 hours.

- **PST** stands for Pacific Standard Time
- **MM** stands for month
- **DD** stands for day
- **H** stands for hour

The **yellow highlighting** stands for times **less than 48 hours**, **red** stands for times **greater than 48 hours**, and the **purple** means the feature is not working. The color indicates when the latest data for the instrument has been collected.



Figure 3.



Below the graph there are square boxes which say **2 Days**, **7 days**, **15 Days**, **Zoom**, **Stack Plot**, and **Data Explorer**. The **2**, **7**, or **15 Day** buttons change the number of days of observation data that will be plotted on the graph.



Reading the graph

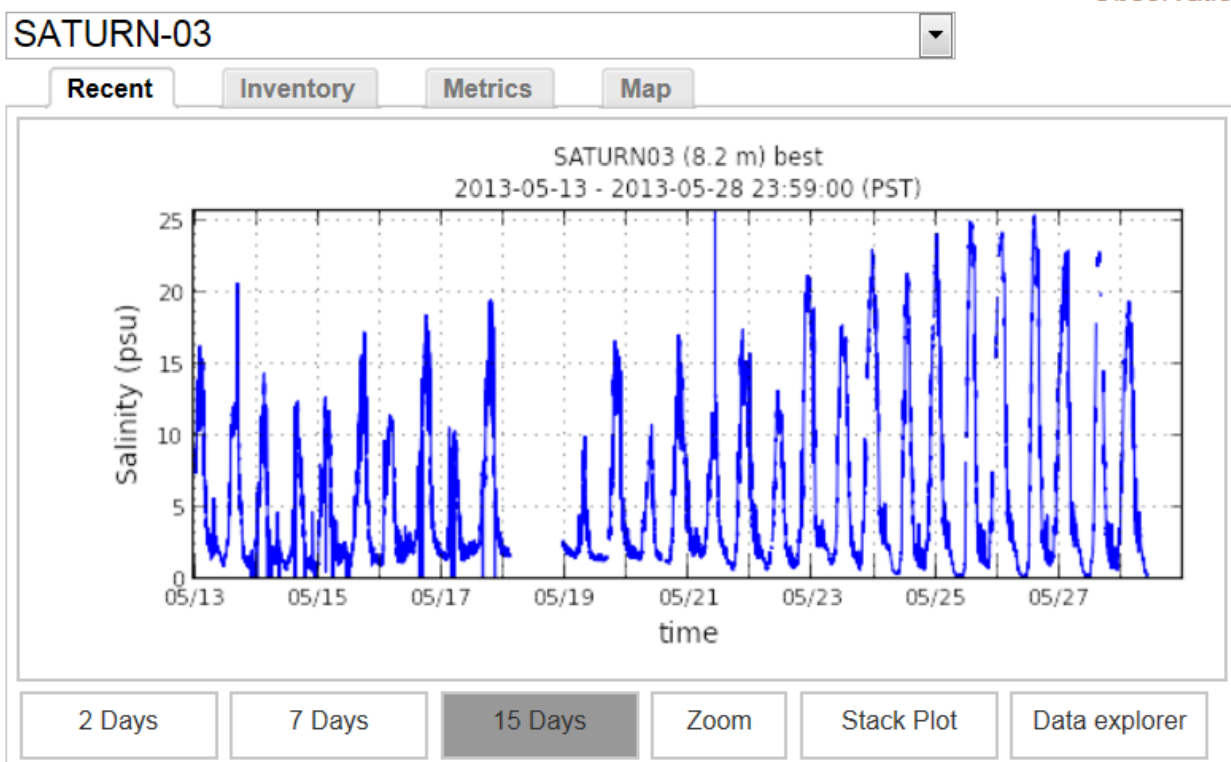
Look at **Figure 4**

Above the graph you will see a heading. This heading tells you what station is being used (**SATURN03**), the depth being viewed (**8.2 meters**) and **best**. **Best** means the data has been through quality assurance and control assessment.

Below the **SATURN03 (8.2 m) best** heading you will find starting date through the ending date that is displayed on the graph (**2013-05-13 – May 13, 2013 through 2013-05-28 – May 28, 2013**) followed by the time (**23:59:00 – 11:59 PM**) and time zone (**PST – Pacific Standard Time**).

On the graph, **time** is located on the horizontal x-axis and the variable chosen, in this case **Salinity** is located on the vertical y—axis.

Figure 4.





Look at Figure 5.

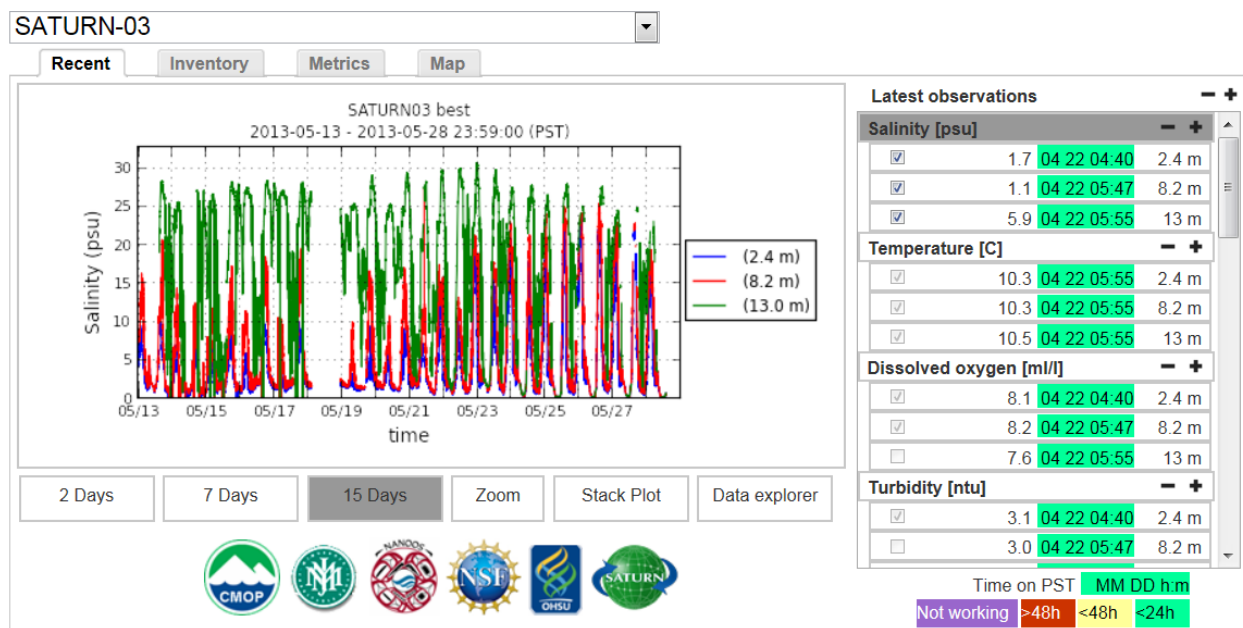
Under the **Salinity** heading on the right hand side the 2.4m, 8.2m and 13m boxes have been checked.

Three colored lines appear in the graph.

Each depth is represented by a different color.

The **blue line** is **2.4m**, **red line** is **8.2m**, and **green line** is **13.0m**. Inside the graph matches the corresponding data highlighted in its specific color for the representative data.

Figure 5



Zoom Box

Clicking the **Zoom** box allows you to enlarge and **print** the graph.

To return to the **Fixed station user interface** go to the right upper corner of the graph and click the X.

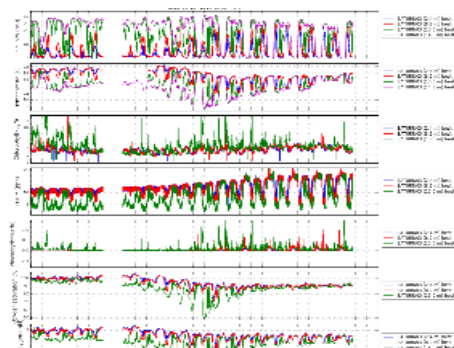


Stack Plot

Clicking the **stack plot** box shows time series plots according to the **2 Days**, **7 Days**, or **14 Days** selected on the Fixed station user interface page. These plots are graphed in the order of the items listed in the Latest observation item box located on the Fixed station user interface webpage.

- Choose 2 Days, 7 Days, or a5 Days
- Click the **Stack Plot** box located below the graph
- All of the time series plots will be very small (**Figure 6**)

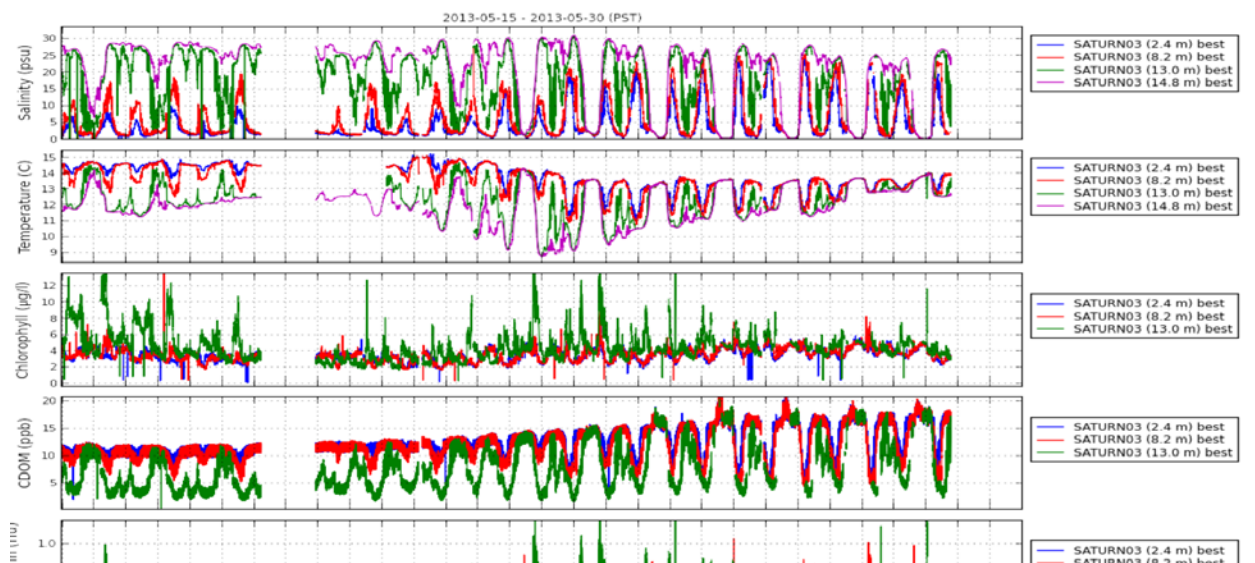
Figure 6.



To enlarge the stack plots of the time series image (**Figure 7**):

- Move your cursor over the stack plots and the cursor will change to a magnifying glass with a plus sign in the middle,
- Now click

Figure 7





Description of what is seen on the page, example Figure 7:

Above time series graph is listed: **2013-05-15 – 2013-05-30 (PST)**

- Describes the dates represented by time series plots and the time zone

Writing on the left hand side of each plot is listed: **Salinity (psu), Temperature (C), Chlorophyll (ug/l), CDOM (ppb)**

- Describes what is being measured on each particular time series

Legend on the right hand side of each time series plots, the first legend is listed as an example below:

----- SATURN03 (2.4m) best

----- SATURN03 (8.2m) best

----- SATURN03 (13.0m) best

----- SATURN03 (14.8m) best

- Colored lines corresponds to data represented in the graph
- **SATURN03** is the Endurance station
- **(2.4m, 8.2m, 13.0m, 14.8m)** is the depth at which the sensor recorded the data
- **best** is describing the quality of the data

Although not shown in **Figure 7**, the X-axis is found below the last time series plot on the webpage in which:

- **All** of the time series plots are graphed over the same dates

To minimize the stack plots click on the graphs.

To leave the page, close the tab of the stack plots page.

The original page for the Fixed station user interface will still be open under the tab.



How to Use The Data Explorer

The **Data Explorer** allows you to construct graphs of the different data from **all** of the sensors throughout the Observation Network.

Click on the **Data Explorer** box below the graph. A toolbar and blank page will appear, as in **Figure 8**.

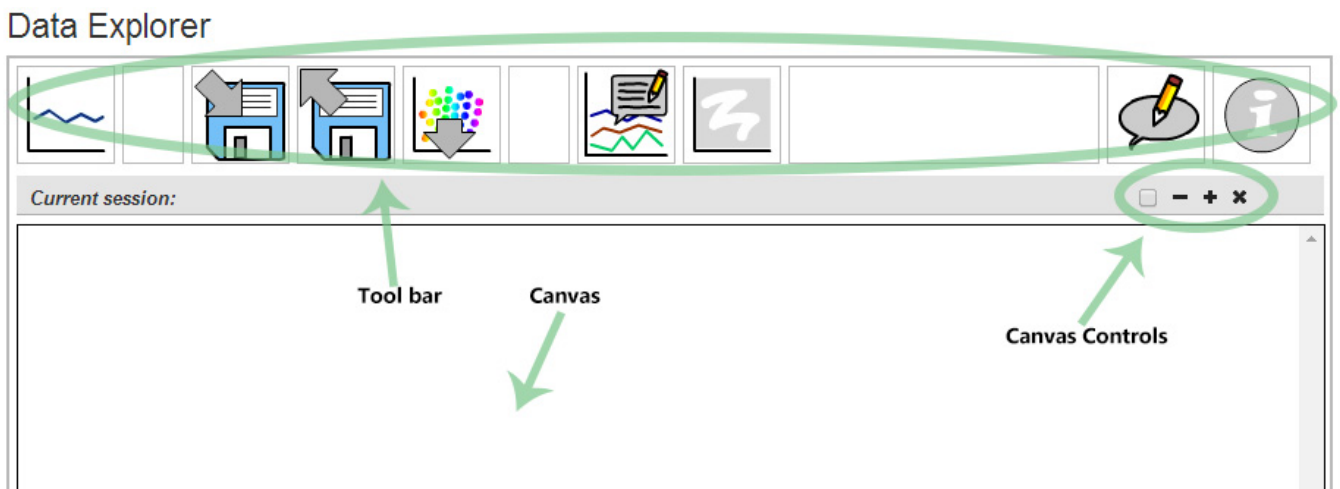
Look at **Figure 8**.

Data Explorer help page can be found by click the box with a picture of and (i) in a circle found in the upper right hand corner.

Tool Bar

The tool bar is a set of buttons found at the top of the page under Data Explorer that allow users to (from left to right): **Add new plots**, **Save session**, **Open session**, **Download session as image**, and **Clear all plots** from canvas.

Figure 8.





Canvas Controls

Canvas controls allow users to minimize (-), maximize (+), and remove (x) selected plots.

Canvas

Canvas is the working area where plots are added.

Plots

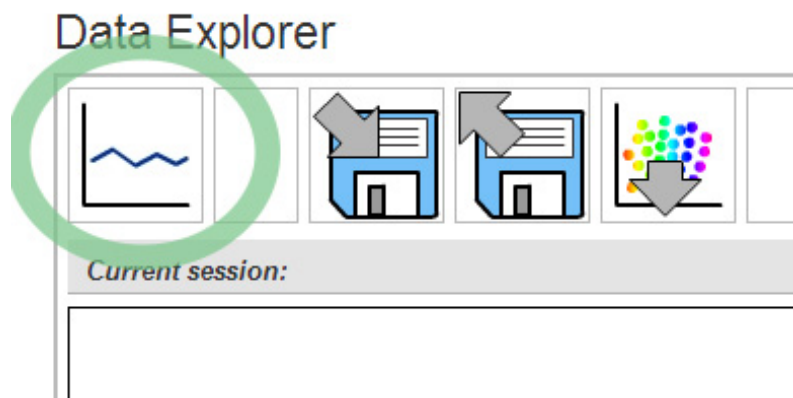
Plots are elements added to the canvas by users during a session.

Adding Plots

There are three different types of plots in Data Explorer: **Time series**, **Scatter plot**, and **Colored plots**.

To add a Plot, click on the first button to the left, as seen in **Figure 9**

Figure 9. Data Explorer Tool Bar



The **Plotting parameters** window will appear (**Figure 10**)



Figure 10. Plotting Parameters window

Home » Data » Observation Network

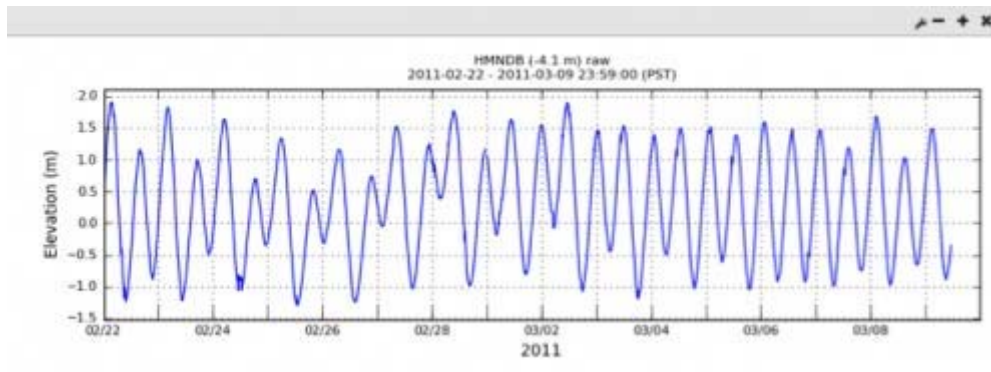
Data Explorer

Time Series plot

A **Time Series** is a sequence of data points which is typically measured at uniform time intervals (ex. once every hour). A **time series plot** represents these measurements on a graph over time. See **Figure 11**.



Figure 11. Time Series Plot



To Create a Time Series Plot:

An Example Using SATURN03

- Add a plot
- Select SATURN03 from the Source drop-down menu. (**Figure 12**)
- All the variables available for this station will be displayed on **Variables** list

Figure 12. Selecting a Station



- Select **CDOM at 2.4m** by clicking on the value in the variables window
- While it is still highlighted in blue, click the > button by the Y: box (Third button down)
- Repeat for the variables **CDOM at 8.2m**, and **CDOM at 13m** (**Figure 13**)
 - The selected variables will be added to “Y” variables. Notice that “X” variable value by default is “Time”.

Figure 13. Adding Y Variables

1. Sources >> 2. Options >> 3. Quality

Source: SATURN-03

☒ Current deployments only Variable "select"

Quality selection on last step

Variable:

- Along Channel Velocity at 14.8 m
- Backscatter at 14.8 m [ADP]
- CDOM at 2.4 m [CDOM Fluorometer]
- CDOM at 8.2 m [CDOM Fluorometer]
- CDOM at 13 m [CDOM Fluorometer]
- Chlorophyll at 2.4 m [AlgaeWatch]
- Chlorophyll at 8.2 m [AlgaeWatch]
- Chlorophyll at 13 m [AlgaeWatch]
- Cross Channel Velocity at 14.8 m
- Cumulative Flow at 2.4 m [Pump]
- Cumulative Flow at 8.2 m [Pump]
- Cumulative Flow at 13 m [Pump]
- Depth at 14.8 m [ADP]

T. mod: None

X: Time

Y Variables:

- CDOM at 2.4 m [CDOM Fluorometer]
- CDOM at 8.2 m [CDOM Fluorometer]
- CDOM at 13 m [CDOM Fluorometer]

Colored by:

Add "button"

Add series

Note: If you want to add variables from other stations, repeat directions above. If you want to remove a series from Y variables, select the variable you want to remove and click on <

- Click on **Add series** button and the variables from Y: will be moved to a list of plots.
- Click on **Next** button to change time/date. (**Figure 14.**)



Figure 14. Adding Y variables to the plot

- After clicking on **Next** button the **Time range** menu is displayed.
- There are two ways to change the time range of the data:
 - Select one of the standard time spans (**1, 7, 15, and 30 days**) and **select the end date**
 - Change start time and end time (**Figure 15**)
- Click on **Next** button

Figure 15. Changing the time parameters



Quality Levels

Quality levels describe the level of processing the data has gone through. The 3 quality levels currently available are: raw data, with no quality control (abbreviated as PD0); preliminary data, with some quality control applied (PD1); and verified data (PD2), which has been subject to full quality control processing.

Note: We are currently working to perfect the quality control feature in Data Explorer.

- Click **Next**

The **Next** button adds the new plot/(s) to the canvas.

Same variables are grouped in the same plot, i.e. if we added salinity from SATURN-03, SATURN-05, and SATURN-02 this will create one plot not three plots. If you want different plots for the same variable, repeat steps 1-5 for each plot

Scatter plots

A **scatter plot** is a graph of plotted points that show the relationship between two sets of data.

To Create a Scatter Plot:

An Example Using SATURN03

- Add a plot
- Select SATURN03 from the Source drop-down menu. (**Figure 16**)
- All the variables available for this station will be displayed on **Variables** list



Figure 16. Selecting a Station

1. Sources >> 2. Options >> 3. Quality

Source: -- Select a station --

-- Select a station --

SATURN-01

SATURN-02

SATURN-03

SATURN-04

SATURN-05

SATURN-06

SATURN-07

SATURN-08

Astoria-Megler Bridge South Channel (ODOT pier 169)

Astoria, OR

Beaver Army Terminal

Bonneville Dam Discharge

Cathlamet Bay North Channel (USCG day mark green 3)

Chaba UW/NANOOS Moored Buoy near La Push

Charleston, OR

Columbia River at Wauna, OR

Desdemona Sands Light

Elliott Point

Fort Stevens Wharf (USCG day mark red26)

Availability T Add series

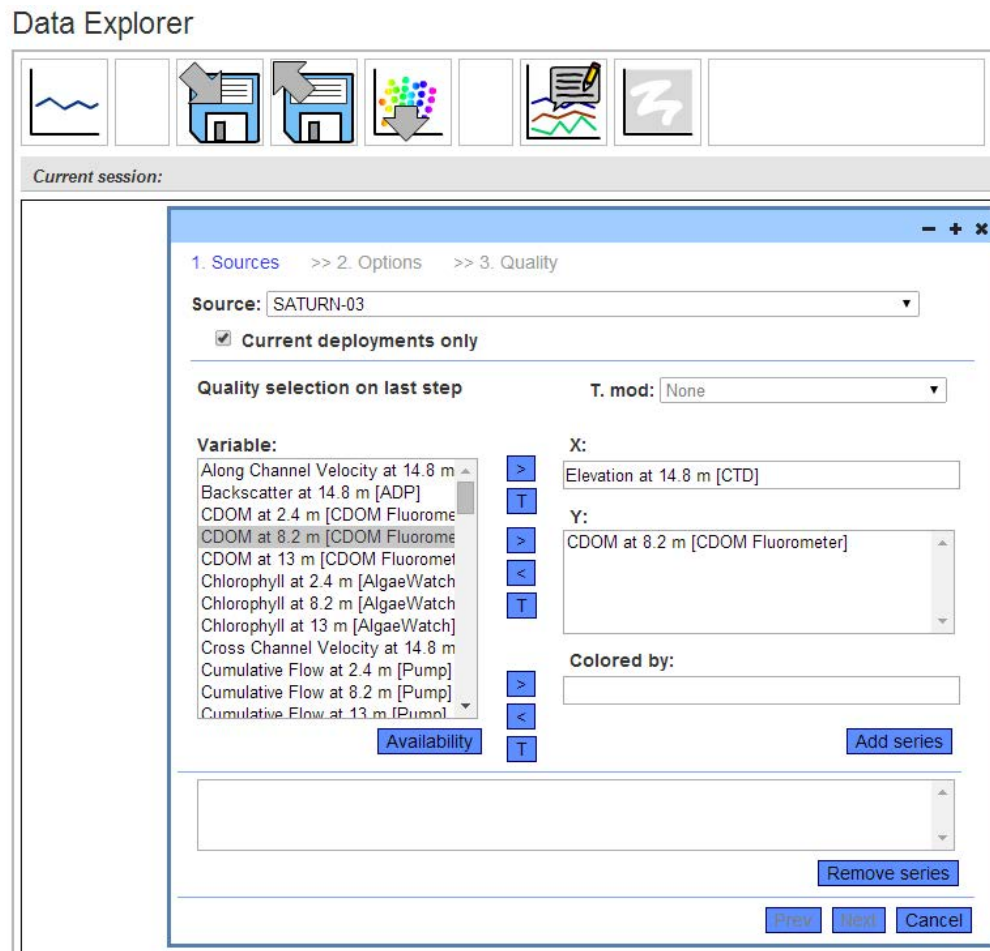
Remove series

Prev Next Cancel

- Select **CDOM at 8.2 m** by clicking on the value in the variables window
- While it is still highlighted in blue, click the > button by the **Y:** box (Third button down)
- Select **Elevation at 14.8 m** by clicking on the value in the variables window
- While it is still highlighted in blue, click the > button by the **X:** box (First button down) (Figure 17)



Figure 17. Adding X and Y Variables to the plot



- Click on **Add series** button and the variables from **X:** and **Y:** will be moved to a list of plots.
- Click on **Next** button to change time/date. (**Figure 18.**)
- The **Time range** menu is displayed. There are two ways to change the time range of the data:
 - Select one of the standard time spans (**1, 7, 15, and 30 days**) and **select the end date**
 - Change start time and end time (**Figure 18**)
- For the purpose of this exercise, choose **7 days from End date**
- Click on **Next** button



Figure 18. Changing the time parameters

1. Sources >> 2. Options >> 3. Quality

Range Limits Layout

Time range

- ☒ 1 day from End date
- ☐ 7 days from End date
- ☐ 15 days from End date
- ☐ 30 days from End date
- ☐ custom

Start date

2014 7 31 - 00 : 00

End date

2014 7 31 - 23 : 59

Prev Next Cancel

Quality Levels

Quality levels describe the level of processing the data has gone through. The 3 quality levels currently available are: raw data, with no quality control (abbreviated as PD0); preliminary data, with some quality control applied (PD1); and verified data (PD2), which has been subject to full quality control processing.

Note: We are currently working to perfect the quality control feature in Data Explorer.

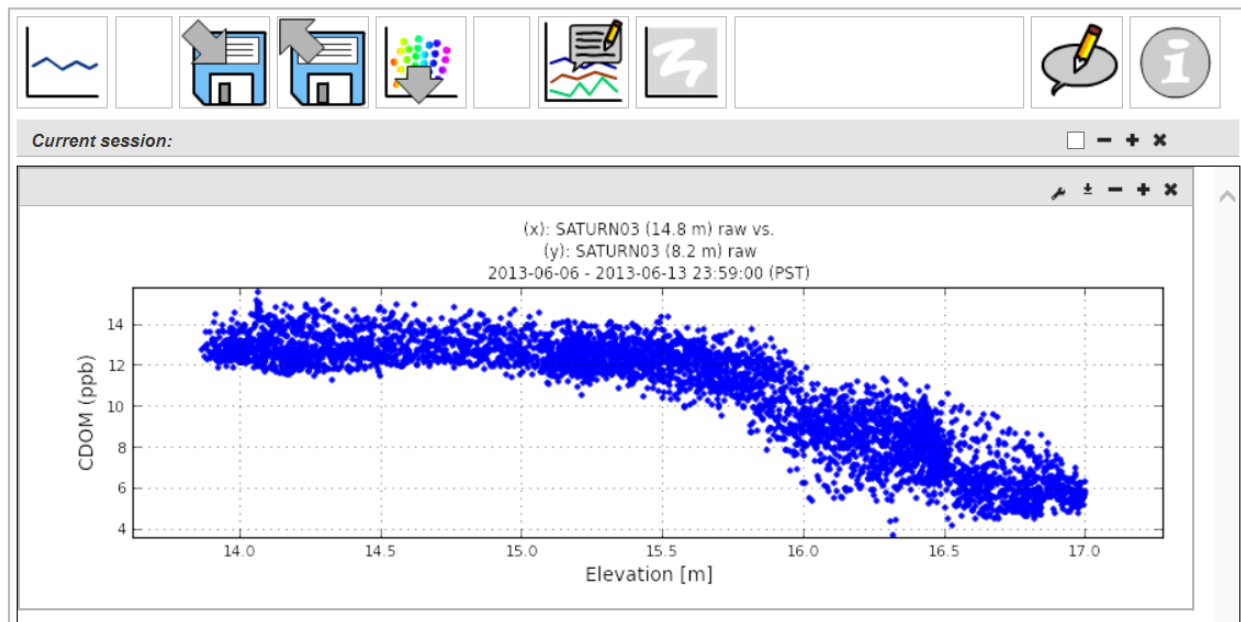
- Click **Next**

The **Next** button adds the new plot/(s) to the canvas. (**Figure 19**)



Figure 19. Scatterplot example CDOM vs. Elevation

Data Explorer



Colored Scatter plot

Color can be added to a plot to reflect the values of a third parameter.

Time series and Scatter plots can be colored using a third variable adding a variable to **Colored by** field.

To Create a Colored Scatter Plot:

An Example Using SATURN03

- Add a plot
- Select SATURN03 from the Source drop-down menu. (**Figure 20**)
- All the variables available for this station will be displayed on **Variables** list



Figure 20. Selecting a Station

- Select **CDOM at 8.2 m** by clicking on the value in the variables window
- While it is still highlighted in blue, click the > button by the **Y:** box (Third button down)
- Select **Elevation at 14.8 m** by clicking on the value in the variables window
- While it is still highlighted in blue, click the > button by the **X:** box (First button down) (**Figure 21**)
- Select Dissolved Oxygen at 13 m by clicking on the value in the variables window
- While it is still highlighted in blue, click the > button by the **Colored by:** box (Fifth button down)



Figure 21. Adding X, Y, and Colored by Variables to the plot

Data Explorer

Current session:

1. Sources >> 2. Options >> 3. Quality

Source: SATURN-03

☒ Current deployments only

Quality selection on last step T. mod: None

Variable:

- Cumulative Flow at 8.2 m [Pump]
- Cumulative Flow at 13 m [Pump]
- Depth at 14.8 m [ADP]
- Dissolved oxygen at 2.4 m [Oxygen]
- Dissolved oxygen at 8.2 m [Oxygen]
- Dissolved oxygen at 13 m [Oxygen]
- Elevation at 14.8 m [CTD]
- Extrapolated ocean oxygen at 2.4 m
- Extrapolated ocean oxygen at 8.2 m
- Extrapolated ocean oxygen at 13 m
- Extrapolated ocean temperature at 2.4 m
- Extrapolated ocean temperature at 8.2 m

X: Elevation at 14.8 m [CTD]

Y: CDOM at 8.2 m [CDOM Fluorometer]

Colored by: Dissolved oxygen at 13 m [Oxygen]

Add series

Remove series

Prev Next Cancel

- Click on **Add series** button and the variables from **X:** and **Y:** will be moved to a list of plots.
- Click on **Next** button to change time/date. (Figure 22.)
- The **Time range** menu is displayed. There are two ways to change the time range of the data:
 - Select one of the standard time spans (**1, 7, 15, and 30 days**) and **select the end date**
 - Change start time and end time (Figure 22)
- For the purpose of this exercise, choose **7 days from End date**



- Click on **Next** button

Figure 22. Changing the time parameters

The screenshot shows a software window with three tabs: '1. Sources', '2. Options', and '3. Quality'. The 'Options' tab is active. Inside, there are three sub-tabs: 'Range', 'Limits', and 'Layout'. The 'Range' sub-tab is selected. It contains a 'Time range' section with five radio button options: '1 day from End date' (selected), '7 days from End date', '15 days from End date', '30 days from End date', and 'custom'. Below this is a 'Start date' field with a date picker showing '2014', '7', '31' and a time picker showing '00' and '00'. The 'End date' field shows '2014', '7', '31' and a time picker showing '23' and '59'. At the bottom right of the window are three buttons: 'Prev', 'Next', and 'Cancel'.

Quality Levels

Quality levels describe the level of processing the data has gone through. The 3 quality levels currently available are: raw data, with no quality control (abbreviated as PD0); preliminary data, with some quality control applied (PD1); and verified data (PD2), which has been subject to full quality control processing.

Note: We are currently working to perfect the quality control feature in Data Explorer.

- Click **Next**

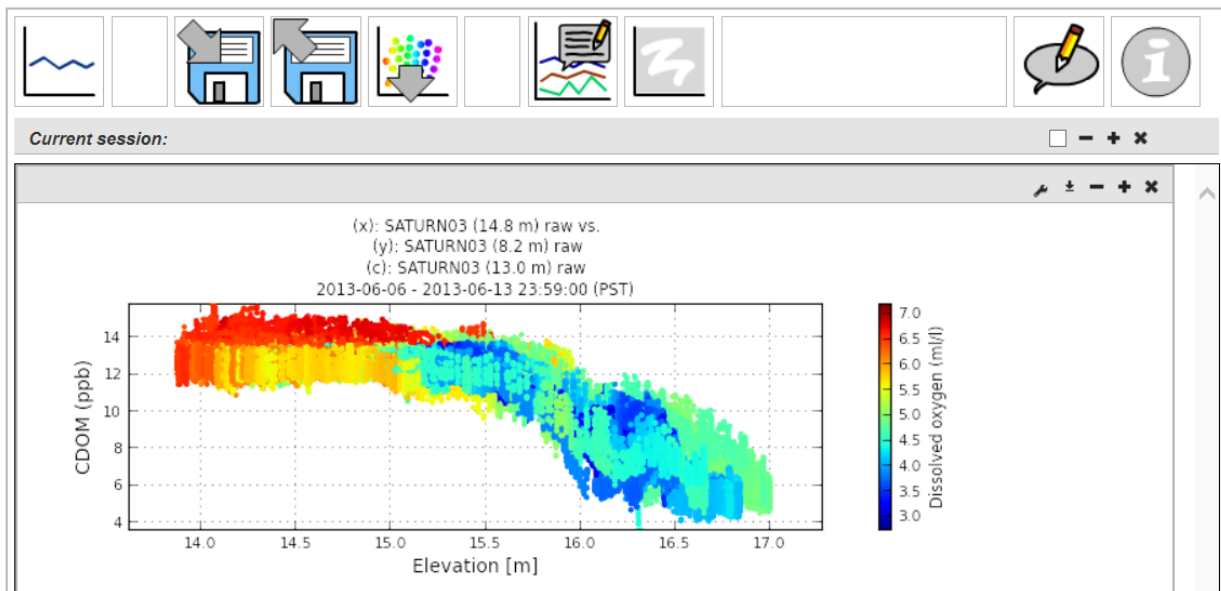
The **Next** button adds the new plot/(s) to the canvas. **(Figure 23)**



Figure 23. Scatterplot example CDOM vs. Elevation Colored by Dissolved O₂

Home > Data > Observation Network >

Data Explorer



Individual Time Handling and Modification

Time can be added to any axes along with optional individual time modifications.

Adding Time with a Time Modifier

To add a **Time Modifier** there must be a modifier selected on the **T.mod** drop down list. By clicking on the desired axis **T Button**, time will be inserted in the axis. In order to apply a time modification to the desired axis a time modification must be selected. After selecting a time modifier clicking the desired axis **T Button** will add Time and the selected time modifier. Selecting **None** will only add **Time** without any time modifications. You will know if you added a time modifier by seeing the following format: **Time:(selected modifier)**.



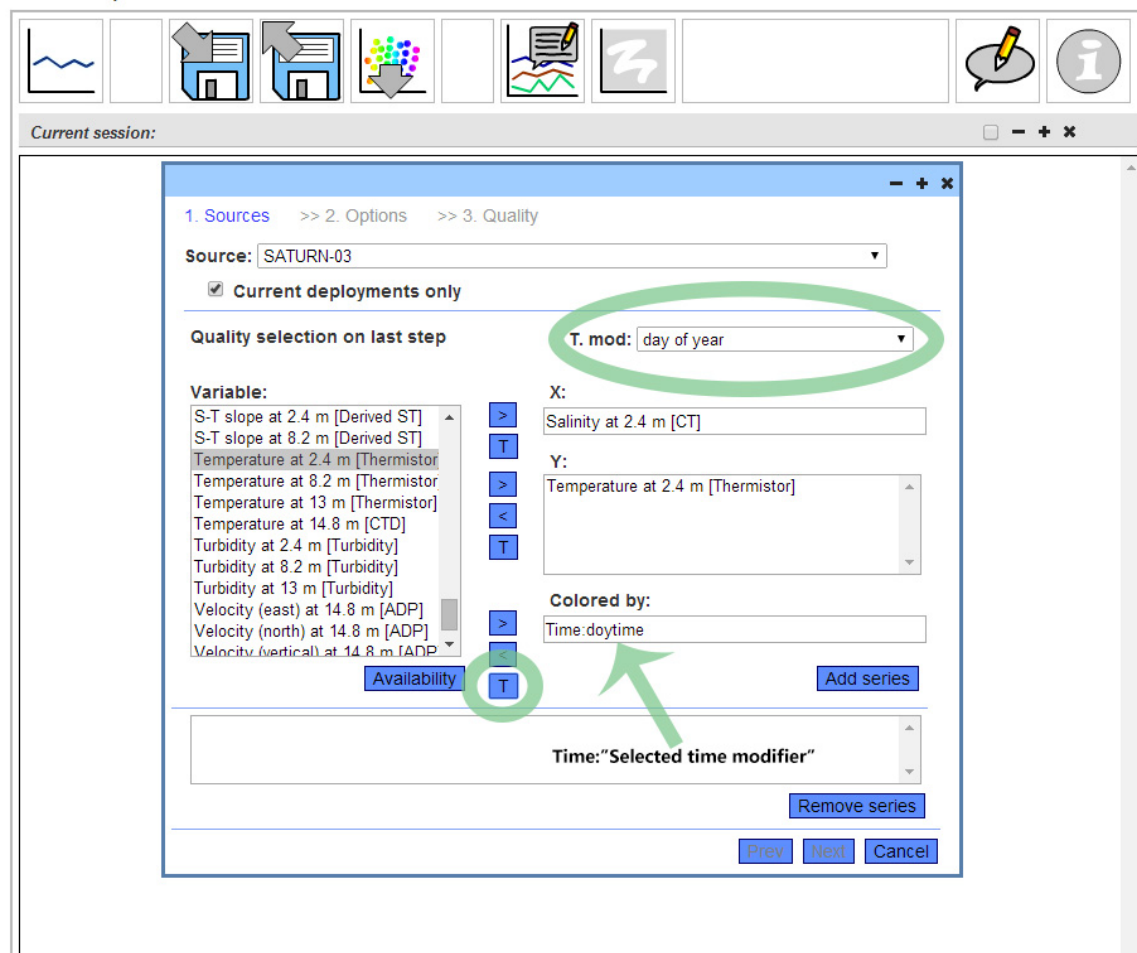
To Create a Plot with Individual Time Modifications:

An Example using SATURN03.

- Add a plot
- Select SATURN03 from the Source drop-down menu.
- All the variables available for this station will be displayed on **Variables** List
- Select **Salinity at 2.4m** by clicking on the value in the variables window
- While it is still highlighted in blue, click the > button by the **X:** box
- Select **Temperature at 2.4m** by clicking on the value in the variables window
- While it is still highlighted in blue, click the > button by the **Y:** box

Figure 24. Adding Time Modification Example.

Data Explorer





- Click on the **T.mod** drop down list and select **Day of Year**
- Click on T Button to add Time with the time modifier **Day of Year**
- Your axes should now contain all the same variables as **Figure 24**
- Click the **Add Series Button**
- Click the **Next Button**

Figure 25. Adding Time Modification Example 2.

1. Sources >> 2. Options >> 3. Quality

Range Limits Layout

Time range

- ☐ 1 day from End date
- ☐ 7 days from End date
- ☒ 15 days from End date
- ☐ 30 days from End date
- ☐ custom

Start date

2014 ▼ 7 ▼ 31 ▼ - 00 ▼ : 00 ▼

End date

2014 ▼ 7 ▼ 31 ▼ - 23 ▼ : 59 ▼

Prev Next Cancel

- Select **15 days from End date** in the **Time Range Options**
- Click the **Next Button**



Figure 26. Adding Time Modification Example 3.

Offering	Processing	Quality Levels
X Axis	PD0/PD1/PD2	QL1/QL2/QL3/QL4/QL5
saturn03.240.A.CT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Y Axis	PD0/PD1/PD2	QL1/QL2/QL3/QL4/QL5 Xpand
saturn03.240.A.Thermistor	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

For a description of *Data Processing and Quality Levels* click [here](#)

Check Xpand to use a different color for each PD2 quality level

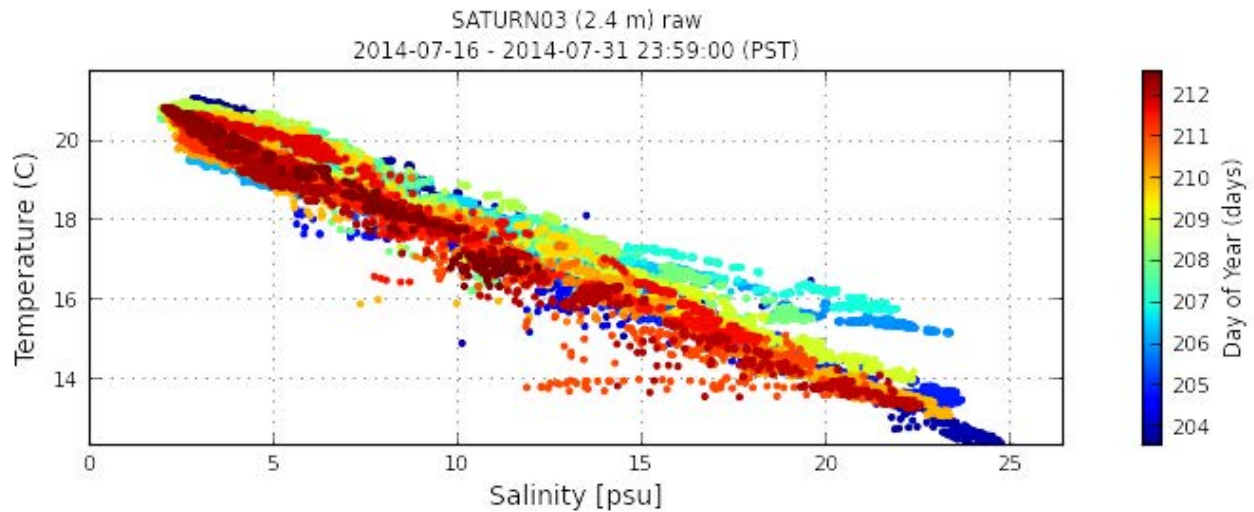
For more information about data quality and processing levels click [here](#)

[Prev](#) [Next](#) [Cancel](#)

- On the **Select Quality Levels** we will leave the default options selected.
- Click the **Next Button**
- A plot should now be generated



Figure 27. Adding Time Modification Example 4.



For this example we see that on day 204(Blue), which is July 16, the temperature at Saturn03 was about 21 degrees Celsius and the salinity was about 3PSU. By the end of the day the temperature was about 13 degrees Celsius while the salinity was about 25PSU.

Saving, Opening and Commenting on sessions

Data Explorer allows you to save, retrieve, and share your work with other users.

ONLY LOGGED IN USERS ARE ALLOWED TO SAVE SESSIONS.

For more information on saving, opening, or commenting on sessions please refer to the CMOP website through the following links:

[How do I save my session?](#)

[How do I share my saved session?](#)

[How do I delete a saved session?](#)

[How do I comment on a saved session?](#)

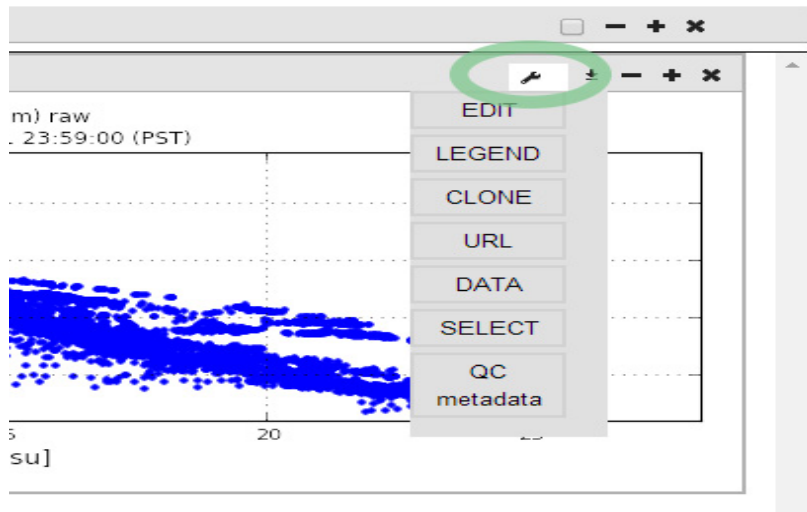
[How do I publish a saved session as a web page?](#)



Plot Controls

Some of the plot controls are similar to canvas controls, but only affect the behavior of one plot. The plot controls also add the plot options control and the download data control.

Figure 28. Plot Controls



This control allows users to edit, clone, display URL, download data, and select a plot.

Edit plot, opens “plot parameters” windows and users can add or delete variables, change time range, change limits, and change layout of a plot. If multiple plots are selected a confirmation will ask you if you want to edit the current plot or all the selected plots.

Clone plot, creates a copy of a plot.

URL, displays the URL of the plot. You can copy and paste the URL on an email if you want to share the image with another user.

Data, allows you to download the data used on a plot.

Select/Deselect, selects and deselects a plot to tie its behavior to “canvas controls”.



Fixed station user interface II

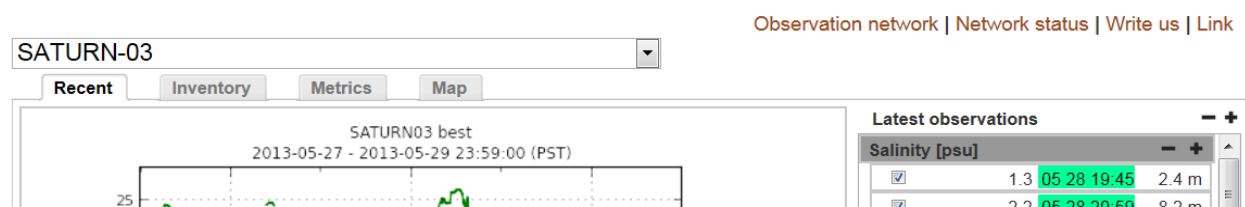
Fixed station user interface gives directions on the use of **Inventory tab**, **Metrics tab** and **Map tab** (Figure 30).

Using this page you may also perform the following task:

- Go back to the home page of the [Observation network](#)
- Check the [Network status](#) of the observation network stations and sensors
- [Write us](#)
- [Link](#) to this webpage
- Go to the **Inventory tab**, **Metrics tab**, and **Map tab**

Figure 30.

Fixed station user interface



Clicking [Network status](#), **Figure 31**

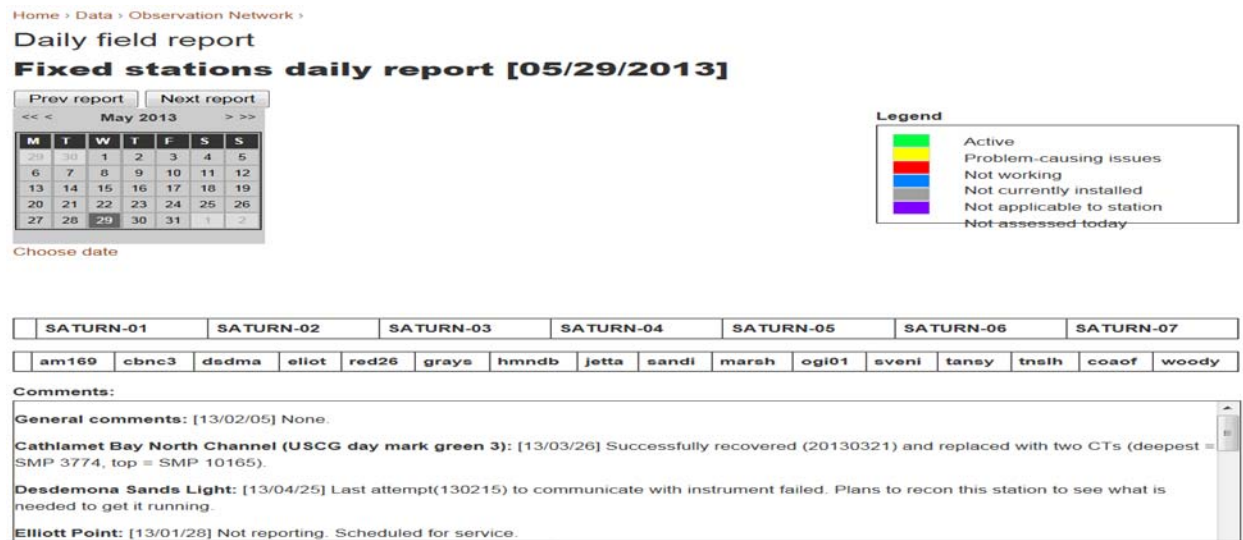
- This webpage provides a Daily field report/record of the sensors and stations.
 - A map allows you to look at the reports by day, month, and year, example May 29, 2013 has been selected on the calendar

There are two ways this webpage may be displayed to the user, example **view 1-Figure 33** and **view 2-Figure 32/33**. Major similarity and difference from the way in which you may see this webpage presented.

- Similarity- both view 1 and view 2 will have a comment box at the bottom of the webpage
- Difference- view 2 uses the legend in the upper right to denote status of stations and sensors in that station



Figure 31.



The boxes labelled SATURN-01, SATURN-02... are stations as well as the boxes that have abbreviations such as am169, cbnc3.... The boxes on the left hand side found in **view 2-Figure 32/33** such as ADP, Algae watch, CDOM Fluorometer are the sensors. The abbreviated stations are defined and a description of the sensors can be located under the Definitions of Relevant Terms for the Observation Network.



Figure 32 (Top half of the webpage)

Fixed stations daily report [5/9/2013]

Prev report Next report

<< < May 2013 > >>

M	T	W	T	F	S	S
29	30	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31	1	2

Legend

- Active
- Problem-causing issues
- Not working
- Not currently installed
- Not applicable to station
- Not assessed today

Choose date

	SATURN-01	SATURN-02	SATURN-03	SATURN-04	SATURN-05	SATURN-06	SATURN-07
ADP	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not currently installed	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
AlgaeWatch	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
CDOM Fluorometer	Not currently installed	Not assessed today	Active	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active
CT	Not currently installed	Not assessed today	Active	Not currently installed	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active
CyanoWatch	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
Derived SO	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not applicable to station	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
Derived ST	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not applicable to station	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
FLNTU	Not currently installed	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
Fluorometer	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
LISST	Not currently installed	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
LOBO	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not applicable to station	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
Multi-exciter	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active
Oxygen	Not currently installed	Not assessed today	Active	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active

Figure 33 (Bottom half of the webpage)

LOBO	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not applicable to station	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
Multi-exciter	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active
Oxygen	Not currently installed	Not assessed today	Active	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active
pH	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
Phycoerythrin	Not currently installed	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
Phytoflash	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
Pressure	Not currently installed	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
Pump	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
SAMI CO2	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
SUNA	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active	Active	Not applicable to station	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
Thermistor	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
Turbidity	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
YSI6600V2	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not applicable to station	Not assessed today

	am169	cbnc3	dsdma	eliot	red26	grays	hmndb	jetta	sandi	marsh	ogi01	sveni	tansy	tnslh	coaof	woody
CT	Not assessed today	Active	Not working	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today
CTD	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not working	Not assessed today	Active	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not working	Not working	Not assessed today
Thermistor	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Not assessed today	Active

Comments:

General comments: [13/02/05] None.

Cathlamet Bay North Channel (USCG day mark green 3): [13/03/26] Successfully recovered (20130321) and replaced with two CTs (deepest = SMP 3774, top = SMP 10165).

Desdemona Sands Light: [13/04/25] Last attempt(130215) to communicate with instrument failed. Plans to recon this station to see what is needed to get it running.

Elliott Point: [13/01/28] Not reporting. Scheduled for service.



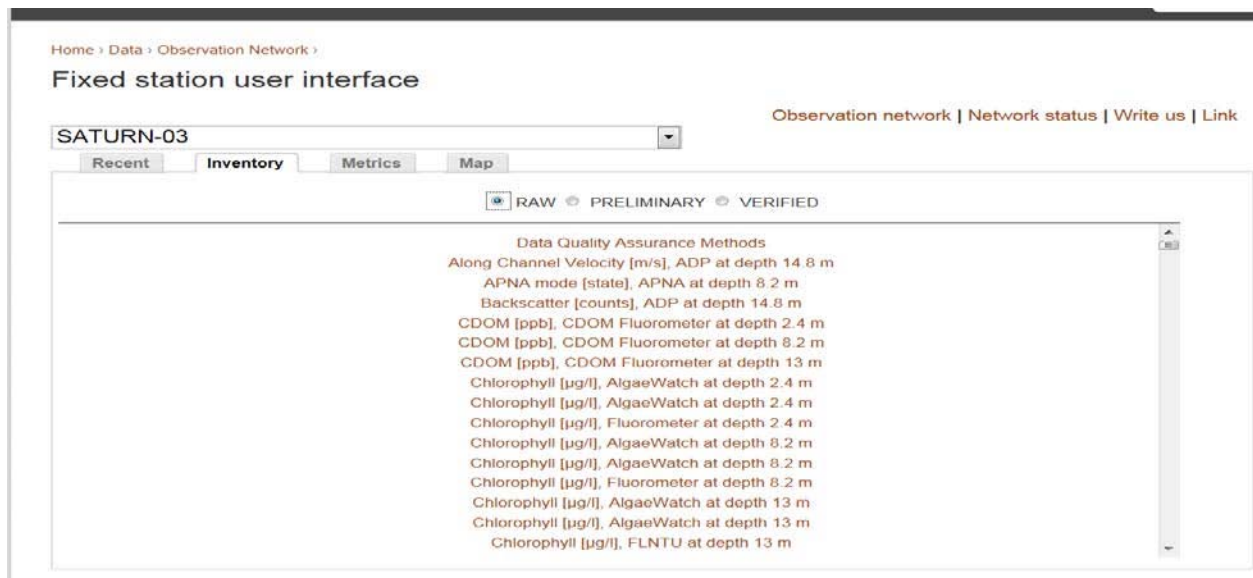
The Inventory Tab

The **Inventory** Tab page shows the data collected before, during, and after the Quality Control, Quality Assurance checks. Data Quality Assurance methods can be viewed if needed, **Figure 34**.

Key features of the **Inventory** page:

- This page allows access to the RAW, PRELIMINARY, and VERIFIED data collected via RAW, PRELIMINARY, VERIFIED radial buttons.
- When orange highlighted line, for example **CDOM (ppb), CDOM fluorometer at depth 8.2 m** is chosen under the RAW heading in the webpage that data will come up in a excel spreadsheet.

Figure 34



- Scrolling down the page you will find a calendar with **orange** highlighted dates and months and black highlighted dates and months, **Figure 35**.
 - **Orange** highlighted dates on the calendar denote data that is available
 - **Black** dates on the calendar denotes data that is not available

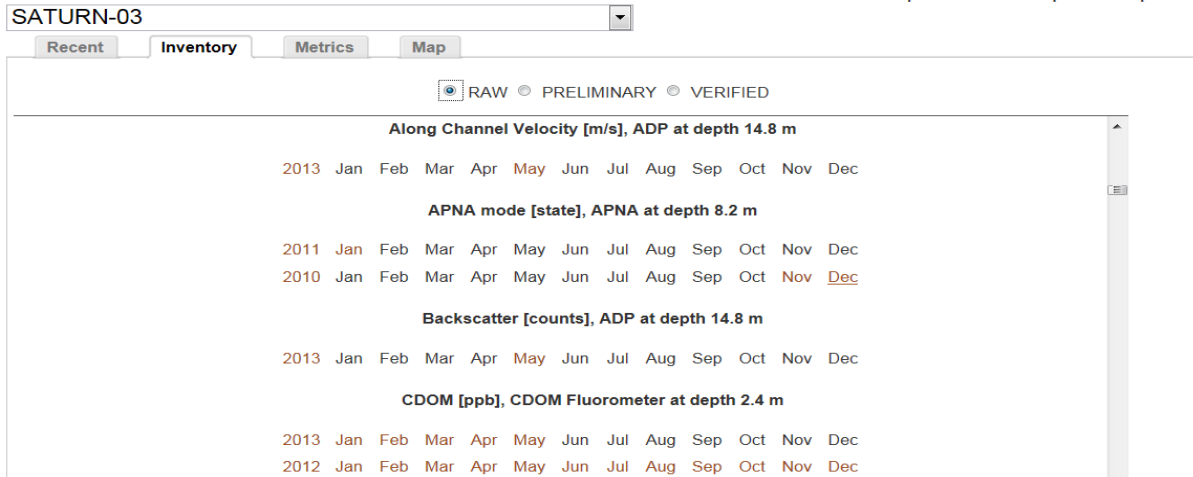


Figure 35

Home > Data > Observation Network >

Fixed station user interface

[Observation network](#) | [Network status](#) | [Write us](#) | [Link](#)



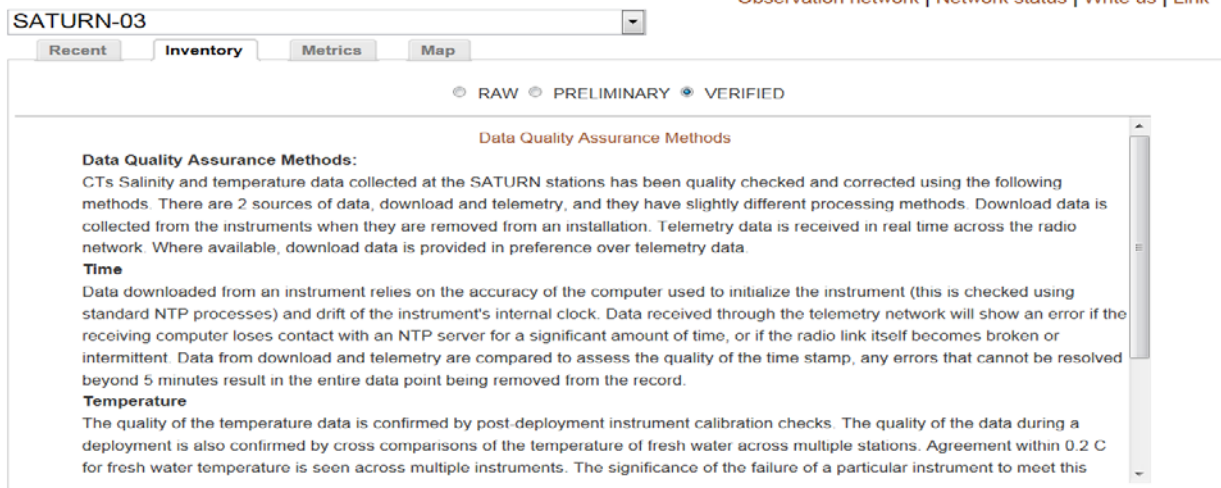
- Click on Verified radial button you will find information about Data Quality Assurance (QA) Methods, example, **Figure 36**.

Figure 36

Home > Data > Observation Network >

Fixed station user interface

[Observation network](#) | [Network status](#) | [Write us](#) | [Link](#)



A further description of the QA and Quality Control (QC) methods used are written below.



Quality Assurance (QA)/ Quality Control (QC) General Information

This is general descriptive information regarding quality controlled data levels and QA/QC procedures.

Levels of Data Processing Available via the Data Explorer:

- **PD0** (processed data level 0): These are the raw data prior to any corrections.
- **PD1** (processed data level 1): These are preliminary data that have undergone some initial quality control, such as a real-time correction for a data artifact or preliminary flagging of periods of bad data, but they have not been subjected to the full quality control process outlined below.
- **PD2** (processed data level 2): These are the verified data that have been subjected to the full quality control process outlined below and assigned one of 5 data quality levels.

Data Quality Levels:

Data that have been evaluated are assigned one of five data quality levels ranging from good at level 1 to bad at level 5:

- **QL1 (GOOD)**: data have met all of the criteria for that sensor type to qualify as good data.
- **QL2**: data that are often good, but may be missing some information to verify the data are good
- **QL3**: data that have some quality concerns and users should pay particular attention to the quality control notes (via metadata or supporting documentation) to determine whether data are appropriate for use.
- **QL4**: data that have serious quality concerns. Users should pay particular attention to the quality control notes (via metadata or supporting documentation) and use the data with caution.
- **QL5 (BAD)**: "garbage" data such as during periods of sensor malfunction or outliers.

QA/QC procedure:

The QA/QC of biogeochemical data include the following types of evaluation:



1. **Visual Inspection:** of the data: the data are examined visually to identify periods of sensor malfunction, outliers and any unusual or suspect data patterns.
2. **Calibration Evaluation:** for those sensors that are calibrated, the accuracy of the calibration is evaluated based on the results of sensor-specific field protocols. For some sensors, a calibration is developed based on data from field samples.
3. **Data corrections:** may be applied to certain data sets to correct for calibration drift or offset, data artifacts, or for sensor fouling (when possible).

The visual inspection of data, calibration evaluation, and any data corrections each result in their own quality assessment, all of which are used to determine the final data quality flag. For example if visual inspection found the data to be good (QL1), but the calibration was determined to be of intermediate quality (QL3), the final data quality flag would be QL3.

Versioning:

Occasionally there will be updates or changes to the quality controlled data or quality assessments. Each release of quality flags is assigned a version number which will be provided with the relevant flag metadata. A log detailing the flag-set versions, the dates the changes were applied, and a description of the type of changes made to the quality flags will also be available with the flag metadata.

Access to QA/QC Information:

Users are encouraged to consult the QA/QC metadata and the in order to fully understand the reasoning behind the quality assessments prior to determining whether the data is appropriate for a particular use.

Metadata: all data that are flagged as less than good and some good data will have associated comments detailing the data quality determination. These comments are included in the QC metadata available for through the Data Explorer. To view the QC metadata for plotted data, select the QC metadata link under the tool icon in the upper right corner of the Data Explorer plot.



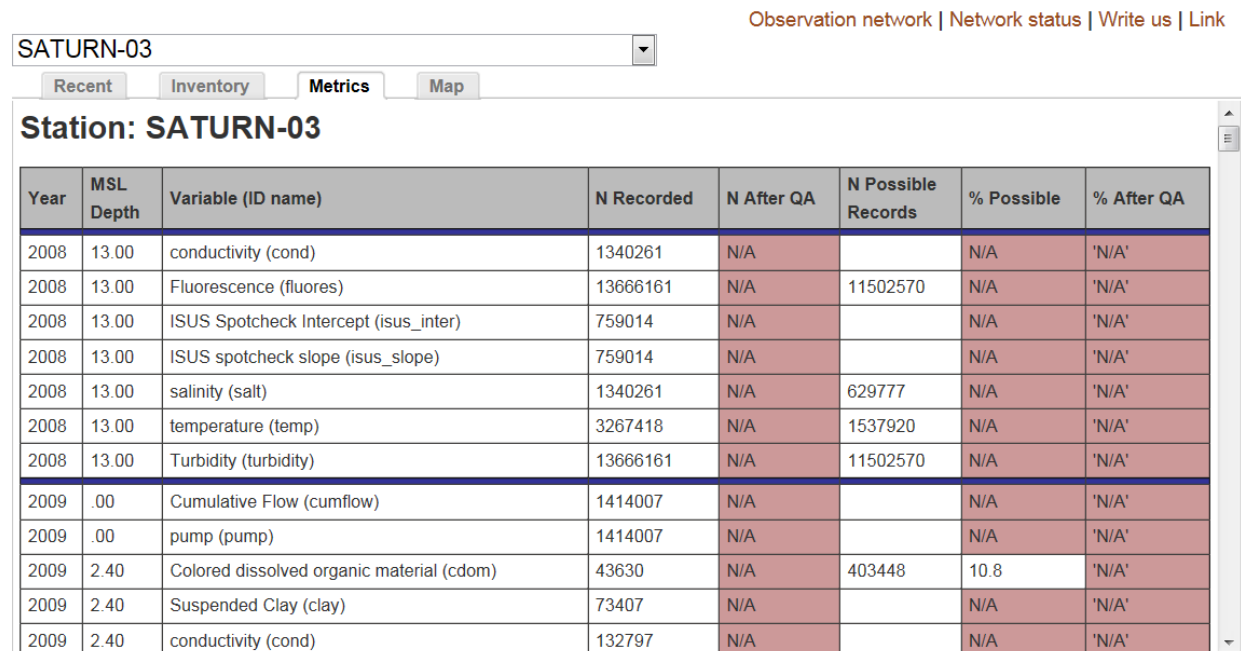
The Metrics Tab

The **Metrics tab**, this page quantifies the number of data records of the particular sensors located in the station of choice, **Figure 37**.

Figure 37

[Home](#) > [Data](#) > [Observation Network](#) >

Fixed station user interface



The definition of what the MSL Depth, N Recorded, N After QA, N Possible Records, % Possible, and % After QA can be found by scrolling down to the bottom of the page, example **Figure, 38**. The Variable (ID name) are the probes and sensors of that particular station. In this case it still is SATURN-03.



Figure 38

Home > Data > Observation Network >

Fixed station user interface

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SATURN-03

Recent		Inventory	Metrics	Map			
2012	999.99	ISUS spotcheck slope (isus_slope)	119585	N/A		N/A	'N/A'
2012	999.99	Phycoerythrin (phycoeryth)	707418	N/A		N/A	'N/A'
2012	999.99	Turbidity (turbidity)	707959	N/A		N/A	'N/A'

The preceding table was generated by computing the number of possible samples per year across all instrument deployments at a given station and depth.

- MSL depth is the NGVD29 depth of the instrument deployments in meters. Several stations have had multiple simultaneous deployments at varying depths, e.g. red26 and am169.
- The 'N Recorded' column gives the number of data records retrieved from the deployment(s) and includes data received from telemetry and data downloaded from the instruments internal recorder. Not all instruments have internal recorders so records received are from telemetry only.
- The 'N After QA' column is the number of records for each physical variable that survived quality control procedures. Salinity is most sensitive to biofouling and is the variable most likely to fail quality control tests.
- The 'N Possible Records' is the number of records that could be seen given the length of cumulative deployments and the sample rate for each deployment.
- The '% Possible' column is the percentage of actual records retrieved. The 'N/A' indicates possible problems in the database such as an incorrect sampling rate or computational issues with this application that need further investigation.
- The '% After QA' column is the percentage of records surviving quality control procedures. The 'N/A' indicates possible problems in the database such as an incorrect sampling rate or computational issues with this application that need further investigation.



The Map Tab

The **Map tab**, this page uses a map to show the location of the stations in Columbia River and Columbia River Estuary, **Figure 39**.

Salient features of the **Map tab**:

- Stations are represented by red markers with a black dot in the middle
- Points to the location of the station you are using with white glove
- A station can be selected by clicking on a marker

Figure 39

